

Plaintiff, including his February 13, 2014 letter, indicate that he is capable of presenting the facts and legal issues without the assistance of counsel. Therefore, the Court will not appoint counsel at this time.

With respect to Plaintiff's medical complaints, the Court interprets this as a request to amend his complaint by interlineation. The Court does not accept amendments by interlineation.² If Plaintiff wishes to amend his complaint, he must include with his motion to amend a proposed complaint that includes each and every claim he wishes to bring against every defendant in this action. Plaintiff is warned that the filing of an amended complaint replaces the original complaint, and claims that are not realleged are deemed abandoned. E.g., In re Wireless Telephone Federal Cost Recovery Fees Litigation, 396 F.3d 922, 928 (8th Cir. 2005).

Finally, the Court orders Defendants to again respond to Plaintiff's motion for access to the courts. The Court notes that the jail officers told Plaintiff to speak with his attorney regarding his request for the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. (ECF No. 34 at 5). This is not an appropriate response given that the Court has denied appointment of counsel and Plaintiff is pro se in this action.

Accordingly,

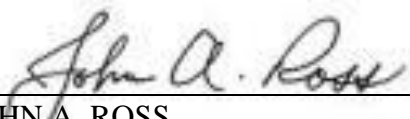
IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Plaintiff's request for appointment of counsel is **DENIED** at this time.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Plaintiff has until **Friday, February 28, 2014** to file an amended complaint in this action.

² Popoalii v. Correctional Medical Services, 512 F.3d 488, 497 (8th Cir.2008) (finding that it is appropriate to deny leave to amend a complaint when a proposed amendment was not submitted with the motion).

IT IS FINALLY ORDERED that Defendants are granted until **Friday, February 28, 2014**, within which to respond to Plaintiff's motion for access to the courts, particularly his request for legal materials.

Dated this 19th day of February, 2014.



JOHN A. ROSS
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE